



Final Straw Foundation CIO

Health and Safety Policy

Policy Updated: 20th April 2022

Date to be Reviewed: 20th April 2023

Staff Responsible for this Policy:

Bianca Carr, CEO / Safety Officer

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Responsible Trustee: Wendy Bessant

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STATEMENT OF GENERAL POLICY

The Final Straw Foundation (FSF) fully accepts the obligations placed upon it by the various Acts of Parliament covering health and safety. The Charity requires its Chief Executive to ensure that the following policy is implemented and to report annually on its effectiveness.

MANAGEMENT ORGANISATION AND ARRANGEMENTS

Introduction

This policy has been prepared and published under the requirements of Health & Safety at Work legislation. The purpose of the policy is to establish general standards for health and safety at work and to distribute responsibility for their achievement to all managers, supervisors, and other employees through the normal line management processes.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITIES

Chief Executive Officer

The Chief Executive Officer has overall responsibility for the implementation of the Charity's policy. In particular they are responsible for ensuring that the policy is widely communicated and that its effectiveness is monitored.

Directors and Senior Managers

These managers are wholly accountable to the Chief Executive for the implementation and monitoring of the policy within the area of their specified responsibility.

Safety Officer

The Safety Officer is a nominated manager responsible for co-ordinating effective health and safety policies and controls across the organisation.

The Safety Officer is responsible for:

- the production and maintenance of the Charity's policy and ensuring that Department Guidelines are consistent with policy;
- its application;
- monitoring and reporting on the effectiveness of the policy;
- the provision of general advice about the implication of the law;
- the identification of health and safety training needs. The safety officer also acts on behalf of the Chief Executive, as the Charity's formal link with the Health and Safety Executive, Environment Health Departments and other external agencies;
 - the production and maintenance of any health and safety documents or codes of practice as necessary for any relevant area of the Charity services where this is required.



Responsibilities for Specific Workplaces

WORKPLACE	SENIOR MANAGER	ACCOUNTABLE TO THE SENIOR MANAGER FOR HEALTH AND SAFETY IN THEIR DEPARTMENTS
Office in Emsworth	CEO Bianca Carr	All Department Managers are accountable to the CEO for their respective areas

HEALTH AND SAFETY MANAGEMENT PROCESS

FSF believes that consideration of the health, safety and welfare of staff is an integral part of the management process. The provision of the Health and Safety at Work etc Act, associated Codes of Practice and other relevant Directives will be adopted as required standards within the Charity. Responsibility for health and safety matters shall be explicitly stated in management job descriptions.

The Charity requires managers to approach health and safety in a systematic way, by identifying hazards and problems, planning improvements, taking executive action and monitoring results so that the majority of health and safety needs will be met from locally held budgets as part of day-to-day management, although many health and safety problems can be rectified at little additional cost.

For major additional expenditure, cases of need will be submitted by Directors to the Chief Executive.

If unpredictable health and safety issues arise during the year, the Chief Executive must assess the degree of risk, in deciding the necessary resources and actions to commit to addressing these issues.

HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELFARE GUIDELINES

It is the policy of FSF to require the management team to produce appropriate departmental health and safety policies or guidelines. These should embody the minimum standards for health and safety for the department and the work organised within it.

It shall be the responsibility of the CEO and management team to bring to the attention of all members of their staff, the provisions of the guidelines, and to consult with appropriate Health and Safety Representatives about the updating of these guidelines:

- a clear statement of the role of the department;
- regulations governing the work of the department;



- clear reference to safe methods of working, for example nursing procedures, manufacturers' manuals;
- information about immediate matters of health and safety concern, such as fire drills, fire exits, first aid;
- training standards;
- the role and identity of the Health and Safety Representative;
- names of specialist advisers who can be approached about the work of the department;
- the manager responsible for organisation and control of work;
- accident reporting procedures;
- departmental safety rules;
- fire procedures;
- policies agreed by the Charity.

IDENTIFICATION OF HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARDS

ANNUAL AUDIT AND REGULAR RISK ASSESSMENTS

It is the policy of FSF to require a thorough examination of health and safety performance against established standards in each department, **at least** annually. The technique to be adopted for such examinations will be the 'Safety Audit'. The Audit requires review of:

- standards laid down in the policy;
- departmental guidelines;
- relevant regulations;
- environmental factors;
- staff attitudes;
- staff instructions;
- methods of work;
- contingency plans;
- recording and provision of information about accidents and hazards and the assessment of risk.

The information obtained by the Audit will be used to form the basis of the plan for the department for the following year.

The responsibility for ensuring that audit activity is carried out as part of this policy rests with the Chief Executive and the Trustee responsible for the Health and Safety Policy. Although the Audit remains a management responsibility, managers are required as part of this policy to seek the involvement of the appropriate Health and Safety Representative in the conduct of the Audit.



It is the management's responsibility to ensure that any deficiencies highlighted in the Audit are dealt with as speedily as possible.

In addition to carrying out Safety Audits, it is the responsibility of the department manager to have checked, at least quarterly, all portable equipment, including electrical appliances, in their area, and to ensure that all problems are immediately dealt with.

Managers have a continual responsibility for the elimination of hazards in order to maintain a safe working environment and will also be expected to carry out regular **risk assessments** in line with the Health and Safety Executive Guidelines; that is follow the 5 steps:

1. Identify the hazards
2. Decide who might be harmed and how
3. Evaluate the Risks and decide on precautions
4. Record the findings and implement the precautions
5. Review the assessment and update when necessary

SAFETY REPRESENTATIVES

FSF will support Safety Representatives in carrying out their role and give all reasonable assistance. Safety Representatives will be encouraged to discuss specific health and safety issues with the relevant Trustee. They may also formally report hazardous or unsafe circumstances to the Management Team and will be formally notified of the remedial action taken or be given a reason why the action cannot be taken.

TRAINING

Health and Safety training shall be incorporated within annual training programmes, as part of the development of a systematic training plan. Health and Safety training needs will, therefore, be identified and planned for in the same manner as other training needs.

Four areas of need shall be given special priority:

- training for managers, to equip them with an understanding of the manager's responsibilities under this policy, and the role and purpose of safety representatives;
- training for safety representatives to enable them to discharge their function;
- training for all members of staff to acquaint them with the main provisions of the law and its practical implication, the main features of this policy and key safety rules;
- induction and in-service training for staff at all levels to acquaint them fully with new requirements and hazards.

RECORDS, STATISTICS AND MONITORING

The Charity will operate systems for recording, analysis and presentation of information about accidents, hazard situations and untoward occurrences. Advice on systems will be provided by the Safety Officer, in conjunction, where appropriate with specialist advisory bodies for example local Environmental Health Departments, and the responsibility for the



operation of these systems rests with managers and supervisors at all levels. Information obtained from the analysis of accident statistics must be acted upon and, where necessary, bids for additional expenditure made to the Chief Executive.

REPORTS TO THE HEALTH AND SAFETY EXECUTIVE

The responsibility for meeting the requirements of the Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1985 (RIDDOR) to the Health and Safety Executive, shall rest with the Chief Executive.

SPECIALIST ADVISORY BODIES

Certain bodies and the individual members of those bodies, have always had a Health and Safety role, most notably, the Health & Safety executive, or local Environmental Health Departments. If further specialist advice is required, this may be obtained by Managers from expert individuals or bodies outside the Charity.

THE OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE

It is the policy of the Charity to obtain independent Occupational Health advice when required. Such services can include counselling on health and associated matters, investigation of hazards and accidents, environment studies, health interviews and employment medicals.

FIRST AID

It is the policy of the Charity to make provision for First Aid and the training of 'First Aiders' in accordance with the First Aid Regulations (1982) and for identifying training needs.

CONDEMNATION AND DISPOSAL OF EQUIPMENT

Procedures for the condemnation and disposal of equipment are determined by the Chief Executive. Managers introducing new equipment should have such equipment checked initially by the Safety Officer.

LIFTING AND HANDLING

Managers are responsible for informing staff of safe lifting techniques. The Safety Officer will identify specific training needs and ensure training in lifting and handling is provided to staff who require it. The Management team will ensure that equipment is provided to staff to aid with lifting where required - in the form of trolleys or other equipment.

NON-SMOKING ON CHARITY PREMISES OR SITES OF OPERATION

FSF policy is that there will be no smoking in its buildings. The overall aim is to reduce smoking and so save life, reduce risk of fire, prevent unnecessary illness and chronic disability. The rules relating to smoking on Charity premises are available from Head Office. These rules also extend to e-cigarettes / vaping.

CONTROL OF SUBSTANCES HAZARDOUS TO HEALTH

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) require the Charity to identify those substances which are in use and which are hazardous to health (as legally



defined) and to assess the risk of those substances. The Charity must also provide and use controls to prevent exposure to substances hazardous to health; maintain controls by monitoring exposure, or by health surveillance of employees; and provide information, instruction and training for employees on all these matters. The Safety Officer is responsible for implementing these Regulations.

COMPUTER INSTALLATIONS AND VISUAL DISPLAY UNITS

All new computer installations must adhere to the British Standard Specifications and comply with the Health and Safety (Display Screen Equipment) Regulations 1992. All new employees operating such equipment are expected to read the Health and Safety Executive guidance entitled 'Working with Display Screen Equipment'. New employees who regularly use VDUs will be required to undergo sight screening.

CONTROL OF WORKING TIME

FSF is committed to the principles of the Working Time Regulations. No member of staff is expected to work more than 48 hours per week (including overtime) unless there are exceptional circumstances. Similarly all other requirements of the regulations e.g. in relation to breaks, night workers etc. will be complied with.

HEALTH AND SAFETY AND THE INDIVIDUAL EMPLOYEE

The Health and Safety at Work Act requires each employee 'to take reasonable care for the Health and Safety of himself and of other persons who may be affected by their acts and omissions' and co-operate with management to enable management to carry out their responsibilities under the Act. Employees have equal responsibility with the Charity for Health and Safety at Work.

The refusal of any employee to meet their obligations will be regarded as a matter to be dealt with under the Disciplinary Procedure. In normal circumstances counselling of the employee should be sufficient. With a continuing problem, or where an employee leaves themselves or other employees open to risk or injury, it may be necessary to implement the formal stages of the Disciplinary Procedure.

VISITORS AND MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC

The Charity wishes to ensure that as far as is reasonably practicable, the Health, Safety and Welfare of visitors to Charity sites of operation will be of the highest standard.

Any member of staff who notices persons acting in a way which would endanger other staff, should normally inform their Head of Department. If the danger is immediate, common sense must be used to give warning, call for assistance or give aid as necessary. It is equally important not to over-react to a situation.

CONTRACTORS

The Charity wishes to ensure that as far as is reasonably practicable, the Health, Safety and Welfare of Contractors working in the Charity's establishments will be of the highest standards. In addition, Contractors and their employees have an obligation so far as is



reasonably practicable to ensure all equipment, materials and premises under their control are safe and without risks to health.

In tendering, Contractors will be asked to confirm they have a written Health, Safety and Welfare Policy. The Charity's Manager letting the Contract will be responsible for monitoring the Health and Safety performance of the Contractor and the Contractor's performance will be a factor in deciding whether or not to invite the Contractor to tender again.